Civics

Chapter 9

Urban Livelihoods

I Multiple choice questions.

1. Arabic Word

2. It is the day to day condition of the atmosphere

3. May

4. Mawsynram

5. Sea to Land

II Very Short answer type questions.

Ans.1. Agriculture or primary sector includes those agriculture activities that are undertaken directly by using natural resources. For cultivation of wheat.

Ans.2. Service sector includes those activities that help in the development of the primary and secondary sector like banking, insurance etc.

Ans.3. Secondary sector is also called as industrial sector because this sector involves or associates different kinds of industries to change primary product into other forms by ways of manufacturing eg. Making of biscuits from wheat.

Ans.4. In self employment persons are involved in their own business. They earn their own income. They are owner of resources and sells goods for their own profits. For eg. Vegetable vendor.

Ans.5. When the employment is on regular basis and the place of work follow the rules and regulations laid down by the government. Workers get regular monthly salary and other benefits.

Ans.6. Primary sector is called agriculture sector as the agriculture contributes the most to this sector and all agricultural activities are undertaken by directly using natural resources.

III Short Answers Type Questions.

Ans:1. Secondary sector covers those activities in which primary or natural products are changed into other forms through ways of manufacturing. For eample, biscuit making, bread making etc.

Ans:2. Tertiary sector includes those activities that help in development of the primary and secondary sectors. For example, banking, insurance, transportation, etc.

Ans: 3. Vegetable vendors earn their livelihood by selling vegetables. They organize their own work. They are not employed by anyone. They arrange their vegetables in baskets or on plastic sheets etc. and sell to people to earn profit for their livelihood.

Ans: 4. Priya gets provident funds, gratuity, medical, paid holiday, facilities like drinking water, safe working conditions and other allowances along with her salary.

Ans: 5.Wage employment means workers get daily wages. They are not owner of resources. They do not get any other allowances except their daily wages. There is no fixed hours of working and no job security.

IV long answer type questions.

## Ans: 1. i. The lives of domestic workers are full of hardships.

##  ii. They do a lot of work in their employer’s house.

##  iii. They sweep and clean, wash clothes and dishes, cook different varieties of food, look after young children or the elderly.

##  iv. Their wages are very low.

##  v. They work hard from morning till night everyday without any leave.

Ans: 2.i. A garment worker has no job security. He can be asked to leave anytime.

ii.Sometimes he has to work for more hours , sometimes he has to sit idle depending upon the demand of the work.

iii.He gets no other allowances apart from his wages.

iv. He has to work for 10 to 12 hours everyday.

v.He may not have paid holiday.

Ans: 3.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Permanent Jobs | Casual Jobs |
| 1. There are loss and regulations of government which has to be followed
 | 1. These laws are not for the casual workers.
 |
| 1. There is no job security
 | 1. There is no job security
 |
| 1. Person will get other allowances and benefits apart from salary
 | 1. Worker will not get any other allowances except wages
 |
| 1. Working hours are fixed
 | 1. Working hours may not be fixed for long period
 |

Ans4: The movement of a large number of people from one place to another is known as migration.

**Positive Effects:**

1. [Unemployment](https://www.toppr.com/guides/economics/employment/unemployment-and-employment-generation/) is reduced and people get better job opportunities.
2. Migration helps in improving the quality of life of people.
3. Migration of skilled workers leads to a greater [economic growth](https://www.toppr.com/guides/general-awareness/economy/measures-of-economic-development-and-social-welfare/) of the region.
4. Children get better opportunities for higher [education](https://www.toppr.com/guides/essays/essay-on-education/).

**Negative Effects:**

1. Migration increased the slum areas in cities which increase many problems such as unhygienic conditions, crime, [pollution](https://www.toppr.com/guides/biology/environmental-issues/) etc.
2. Poverty makes them unable to live a normal and healthy life.
3. Children growing up in poverty have no access to proper nutrition, education or health.
4. Sometimes migrants are exploited.

V . Match the following:

1. iv
2. iii
3. ii
4. v
5. i